

# Technical Support

Flynn Systems Technical Support for onTAP can help get your boundary scan projects up and running quickly! When you partner with Flynn Systems Support, you will begin developing successful boundary scan tests within a day, often within hours. The process is straightforward, and requires very little to get started. You just need the current BSDL for your devices, the source netlist, and a programming cable to begin developing tests.

Our support team is here to provide detailed interactive assistance during project development so that your time to achieve a “PASS” is significantly cut. We work with you closely to ensure you are up and running, and can develop tests on your own in a very short time.

## Developing and Bringing Tests Online

The development and debug process generally proceeds as discussed in the *Interconnect Test* document, and may include interactive sessions with Tech Support to clarify and assist with initial test development. After development, if a test fails, onTAP’s debug tools may be used to determine the source of the failure. Common reasons for failure include:

- Hookup issues, e.g., power and ground reference lines on the programming cable are not attached.
- Boundary scan COMPLIANCE pins and TRST pins are not statically held at the correct values.
- BSDL files don’t match logic devices (IDCODE failures) Interaction with non-boundary scan logic.
- Messages within onTAP help diagnose and correct these problems, of which interaction with non-boundary scan logic is probably the most significant. In this case, onTAP’s Netlist Browser checks the devices that interact with boundary scan pins where failures occur. If a device such as an SRAM is recognized, steps must be taken to statically guard the “output enable” pins on the SRAMs so that an SRAM’s data bus is not driving while boundary scan pins are also driving on the same nets. Worst case, if this cannot be done, then some boundary scan test pins must be tri-stated.

Identifying interactive logic, and what steps need to be taken to control it, can usually be accomplished quickly and Flynn Systems Tech Support can assist in this process. Adjusting the guards on the Guards page can usually control the offending circuits. Re- generating and re-running the test should clear up the failures in the problem area.

## Boosting Fault Coverage

Sometimes in the initial pass, fault coverage, as reported by the Testability Survey reports, is not as high as it could be. Measures that can be taken to boost fault coverage include:

- On the Settings page enable the *Self-Capture* option. This allows bidirectional pins, on nets that have only one boundary scan pin, to both drive and capture at the same time. This capability allows such pins and nets to be included in shorts testing and detection.
- On the Settings page, enable *PULL-UP and PULL-DOWN* resistor tests.
- Use the Jumpers page to make resistors and buffers transparent that lie between boundary scan pins. This allows more boundary scan pins to interact, enhancing coverage.
- Use physical loop backs at connectors to provide more access between boundary scan pins.
- Implement memory and cluster tests to check the connectivity between boundary scan pins and pins on non-boundary scan devices.

### Highlights: Support

- Telephone support available during business hours
- E-mail support always available
- Access to latest updates, and builds, and new releases
- Assistance getting projects started
- Assistance running tests, developing DTS models, programming flash
- Prompt responses to onTAP related issue
- Access to Flynn Systems library of Memory and Flash models
- Guaranteed response to issues
- Inside track for special releases